

within the zone are to be executed without trial and all known rebel sympathizers are to be arrested.

DENIES VILLA'S CHARGES.

Ambassador Riano Says Spaniards Remained Neutral.
WASHINGTON, Dec. 20.—Emphatic denial of charges made by Gen. Villa and other revolutionist leaders concerning the activities of Spanish residents of Chihuahua was made today by Ambassador Riano of Spain.

The Ambassador called at the State Department and brought to the attention of John Bassett Moore, acting Secretary, his denial of statements issued by Villa in extension of his treatment of the Spaniards. The Ambassador declared the Spaniards in Mexico and Chihuahua in particular had observed the strictest neutrality respecting political affairs in that country. He also presented a denial of reports that the Spaniards sent out of Chihuahua by Gen. Villa and whose property was confiscated by the Constitutionalists, demonstration in El Paso or elsewhere in the United States in favor of American intervention in Mexico. The Ambassador denied that the Spaniards had been guilty of any acts of immorality or of any reference to political affairs in Mexico.

Advices to the State Department today stated that Villa claimed to have saved the lives of the Spaniards by expelling them from Chihuahua. Otherwise, he claims, they would have been massacred by the populace. He is reported as saying that those persons who can satisfy him that they are guiltless of favoring the Constitutionalists by supporting the Mexico City Government will receive their property back again or an indemnity for it.

The Navy Department received from Admiral Fletcher today dispatches stating that everything is quiet at Tampico. No confirmation has been received of the reports last night and today that the attack on Tampico has been repulsed. Secretary Daniels said he had heard of no trouble between Admiral Fletcher and the newspapers of Tampico, nor had he been informed of any mercurial disposition to complain against the treatment they received from the Admiral's hands during the fighting last week.

LOAN FOR HUERTA ARRANGED.

Paris Hears Bankers Will Help Him to Pay Bond Interest.

PARIS, Dec. 20.—It was announced here today that a group of Paris, London and New York bankers has arranged, through the Banque de Paris et des Pays Bas, to underwrite a loan to the Mexican Government sufficient to meet the \$2,500,000 interest on bonds falling due on January 1. The Paris bankers will advance the interest on the bonds for the first three months of the year 1914. No details are given regarding the amount of the loan or the conditions which have been agreed to.

CHILDREN FILL WANAMAKER'S.

There to Get Prizes in Christmas Drawing Competition.

There never was a jollier, happier children's Christmas party than the one held yesterday morning in the Wanamaker Auditorium. The occasion was the distribution of the 200 prizes and the 250 medals given by the Wanamaker store to the children who were winners and won honorable mention in the second annual Christmas drawing competition. The meeting was scheduled for 9 A. M., but before the children had time to think the lights went out and "Alice in Wonderland" was shown in moving pictures. This was followed by "The Night Before Christmas," which was greeted with shouts of delight.

After the pictures Joseph H. Appel of the Wanamaker Stores told the children that this was their day and their party. He told them of the little Dutch boy, Rembrandt, and the Italian lad, Michael "the Angel," and made the children remember that all great artists had been little children once and that perhaps some day one of the boys or girls in the gathering would be a Michael Angelo or a Rembrandt. Then the names of the prizewinners were read and the children came forward to get their prizes or medals.

More than 50,000 drawings were made for the competition, 17,300 of which were accepted and presented to the board of judges, consisting of Frank H. Collins, director of drawing in the New York City public schools, and twenty-three supervisors of drawing. Two hundred and fifty prize-winning drawings and 250 to be given honorable mention were finally selected and are now on exhibition in the fourth gallery of the new Wanamaker building. The contestants were from 3 to 14 years old, and each drawing bore a signed slip certifying that it had been done without assistance.

Last year every drawing made was received. This year's preliminary elimination in the schools of drawings as well as the prizes at the exhibition, even exceeding the utmost care in making the awards the judges found it most difficult to decide in many cases. The result in that the 480 drawings now on exhibition are remarkable illustrations of originality and ability. It is an exhibition not to be seen anywhere else in the world.

DR. COOK MOURNS LOST DATA.

Tells Audience Records and Capt. Baldwin Have Disappeared.

PATERSON, N. J., Dec. 20.—Dr. Frederick A. Cook, Arctic explorer, who closed a week's engagement at a local theatre here, tonight sprang a sensation at the end of his final lecture. He said:

"I leave to join my family in Europe in a few days. It is on the day of my departure there comes the darkness of what looks like another conspiracy. Capt. E. B. Baldwin, who has informed my work and who has been at work in my rooms two months preparing a book to defend my cause, has suddenly disappeared, and simultaneously some one has taken from my private trunk valuable original data. Four polar negatives and some original notes are missing.

"I fear very much that this is another sensational chapter in this American Greyness case. Watson, the development of my trip West last week I telegraphed Capt. Baldwin, who had the use of my rooms at the Prince George Hotel, that I would be in New York at a certain hour on Thursday and to see me. When I arrived, however, Capt. Baldwin had left and we have not seen or heard directly from him since, although I am informed he paid one or two visits to Brooklyn, and was seen about a week ago in Philadelphia.

"As late as to-night we phoned his relatives in White Plains, N. Y., whom he frequently visits, but they had not seen or heard of the Captain in some time. Baldwin has been an ardent supporter of mine both in writings and in public statements and his disappearance at this time is rather strange to say the least."

RICH COUPLE ADOPT WAIF.

G. C. Pinckney and Wife Take Child Abandoned at Hospital.

Surrogate Cochran signed an order yesterday permitting G. C. Pinckney, a wealthy manufacturer of 783 West End avenue, and his wife, Mrs. Alma L. Pinckney, to adopt Catherine Moore, a seven-month-old girl who was abandoned by her parents on January 6 last.

The State Charities Aid Association was asked to find a home for the little girl by the social service department of New York Hospital, where the child was abandoned. Mr. and Mrs. Pinckney have had the little girl in their home since April 28 last.

HUERTA STOPS NEWS OF REBELS' PROGRESS

"Sun" Correspondent Said to Have Been Summoned by Blanquet.

MONEY CRISIS CONTINUES

Volunteer Corps Organized to Protect Capital Against Zapatistas.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 20.—The Huerta Government is showing its determination to muzzle the press of the capital. A circular was drafted yesterday addressed to the editors of all the newspapers published in this city, forbidding the publication of pictures of rebel leaders or of anything calculated to inform the public of the progress of the revolution.

One morning paper aroused a storm of anger in Government circles by the premature publication this morning of the circular. Anti-American sentiment is reflected in most of the newspapers which are carrying on a bitter campaign against the press of the United States.

One paper attacks THE SUN this morning for its dispatches from Mexico City. It says Gen. Blanquet, the Minister of War, has ordered the correspondent of THE SUN to appear before him and explain why he sent such dispatches. The correspondent has not yet received such a summons.

Official reports from Federal commanders in the field say that the rebels who made the attack on Tampico have definitely abandoned the entire oil region. The Federals have repaired the railroad as far north as Altamira.

Rebels Capture Another City.

The Minister of the Interior admitted today that the rebels have occupied Ciudad del Maiz, an important strategic point in the State of San Luis Potosi, the Federal garrison fleeing toward Cardenas. The garrisons at Cardenas and Las Tablas are hastening to Ciudad del Maiz.

It was also officially admitted by the Minister that Zapatistas are destroying the cane fields around Atencingo, in the State of Puebla, and Joluita, in Morelos, and that there have been many skirmishes between them and the Federal forces.

Americans who have arrived here from Tampico say that the first shot fired by the Federal gunboat Bravo in attempting to reinforce the beleaguered garrison, killed twenty-six Federal soldiers and wounded ten. The remainder of the shells fired by the Bravo were aimed high and fell beyond the town and did no damage to the rebels.

It is said that the commander of the Bravo in desperation offered \$25 a day for the services of foreign gunners, but failed to obtain any assistance.

It became known today that friction which developed between Sir Lionel Carden, the British Minister, and Rear Admiral Fletcher, commanding the American squadron in Mexican waters, almost created serious international complications at Tampico. The friction is ascribed to Admiral Fletcher's handling of the situation at the Gulf port during the recent rebel attack, combined with Sir Lionel Carden's anti-American attitude.

Post Office in Trouble.

The general post office in this city faces a most difficult situation in its money order department. It has on hand a great number of State bank bills which cannot be cashed. Many mercantile establishments failed today to make their usual ten day payments for the same reason as they had only State bank notes on hand and these could not be negotiated.

The Government announces that the Federals have taken Concepcion del Oro, thereby renewing communications with Saltillo and enabling the resumption of mining operations.

All trains arriving here from Cuernavaca have been fired on by rebels, but little damage was done.

The Governor of the Federal district is organizing a special corps "for social defense" composed of volunteers who will be sent at once to Adolfo, on the border of the Federal district, to attempt to check the advance of the Zapatistas. This action is significant in that it indicates the extreme alarm felt in Mexico City.

The Governor of the State of Jalisco reports that the British engineer Baird, who was captured recently by the rebels and for whom a ransom of \$1,500 was demanded, has returned safely, having been rescued by Federal troops.

Bank Passes Up Dividend.

The Banco Nacional announced today that it will not pay the special provisional dividend which it has been accustomed to pay in December or January and which amounts approximately to one-third of what the bank anticipates that the annual dividend will be. This custom has generally been observed in prosperous years and the bank officials explain that it is not being passed up for reasons of stringency, but merely as a precautionary measure.

The Banco de Londres y Mexico reported today that its receipts are much greater than withdrawals of deposits.

The War Department announced that Gen. Carranza has issued an order to the Constitutionalists that Tampico be taken at whatever cost. Gen. Higinio Aguilar and Gen. Azanendi have been instructed to go out from Tampico to meet the rebels.

MISSING MAN'S BOOKS CORRECT.

Long Island Bank Employee Said to Be Victim of Overwork.

Charles J. Winant, Jr., a bookkeeper for the Richmond Hill branch of the Bank of Long Island, has been missing since last Tuesday. David W. Ketcham, manager of the bank, said last night that an examination of the bank's books shows that no money is missing.

Winant is 28 years old and lived with his wife, his baby, 6 months old, and his mother-in-law at 1011 Chestnut street, Morris Park. His mother-in-law said that Winant had a nervous breakdown four years ago, and that he has now had another one, brought on by overwork.

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48 Hours Frost to Flowers
If you have never visited these islands of enchantment, now is the time to plan. Special Steamship Rates and Inclusive Tour will be continued through-out January. Book now. Turn to page 7, section 6 and read full particulars.

CARRANZA'S DEAD, SAYS MAJOR GILLETTE

Retired Army Officer Tells Audience Constitutionalists Leader Died Aug. 27.

MAKES PLEA FOR HUERTA

Mexican Executive Alone Can Restore Peace in Republic. He Insists.

Venustiano Carranza, Constitutional chief of Mexico, is dead and has been dead since August 27, according to the belief of Major Cassius E. Gillette, ex-engineer officer of the United States army, expressed to an audience at the Engineering Societies Building last night.

Carranza died in the State of Tamaulipas on the date mentioned of an enteric disease, Gillette says, and since that time powerful interests of the United States, operating through a Washington lawyer, have been detouring President Wilson and Secretary of State Bryan, to say nothing of William Bayard Hale and other emissaries who thought they saw him.

No one who knew Carranza in Coahuila has come forward to tell of interviews with the man. He has always been in some other place when he was wanted. When Hale was in Nogales, Carranza was in Hermosillo. When Carranza was in Durango, 600 miles away, about the same time, or at Torreon or Parral. His statements are all issued from Nogales, no matter where he is supposed to be.

Major Gillette, who has been outspoken heretofore in favor of Gen. Huerta and the Mexican Federal Government, had as his subject last night "The United States and Mexico," and he spoke to a small audience. Prominent at the door were men who have been accredited to the Huerta party in this country, while others were in the audience. They applauded when the speaker expressed his belief that the Constitutional chief was dead, although he admitted that he did not know of this as a fact. They applauded also when he said that the Washington lawyer mentioned as attorney for the Madero family and representative for a great oil company from which it was asserted, he had received a fee of \$50,000.

Urges Change of Policy.

The policy of the Administration, the drifting policy, as the Major described it, must lead inevitably to intervention by the United States. Nothing else will tame the Indian people loose on the war-path by the stupidity of this country. There is only one thing to be done, and that is to get rid of the face of President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. They must realize that Gen. Huerta and the educated better classes of the country alone can restore peace in Huerta must be recognized, the country must be allowed to conduct its elections in its own way, and it must be accepted that only a dictatorship, an administration, a few, can control the border of half savages who are now overrunning the country.

Every move of the Administration can be for some criticism by the Major. John Lind was an estimable gentleman, he admitted, but he failed to see how a Scandinavian from the Northwest could have special knowledge of the Mexican viewpoint. He is naturally the prey of every scandal-monger and the victim of every rumor.

"I believe in a square deal," said the Major at the outer end of the hall, "and not giving Mexico a square deal. We are headed for intervention as fast as we can go and that will be a terrible task before we get through with it."

"Intervention," he repeated, "is absolutely inevitable under present policies unless we give up the Monroe Doctrine, and I do not think that any Americans will do that."

Denounces Constitutionalists.

Speaking for himself the speaker said that he owns property in Mexico today. If the savages who call themselves Constitutionalists win it will be worth five times what it is now, but he would not want the enormous sacrifice of lives for his own personal gain.

When it came to Gen. Huerta, the Major said that the man had been persistently lied about. He is not a drunkard, he is not a debauchee, not a usurer, not a traitor and not a murderer. Although Huerta had nothing to do with the death of Francisco Madero, whom he only wanted to take to an insane asylum, the Major said that even the murder could be justified.

TWO OLD CHURCHES UNITE.

Wesleyan and Bedford Consolidate as Metropolitan Temple.

Two of the oldest Methodist Episcopal churches in New York went out of existence yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Ford signed an order permitting the consolidation of the First Wesleyan Chapel of Vesey street and the Bedford Street Methodist Episcopal Church at Bedford and Morton streets. The Bedford street church was incorporated in 1838 and the First Wesleyan Chapel in 1846.

The two churches were known hereafter as the Metropolitan Temple. The application for the court order was made by Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss, who is a prominent Methodist layman, and whose son, the Rev. Dr. Arthur Bruce Moss, has been pastor of the First Wesleyan Chapel. The Rev. George W. Downs has been pastor of the Bedford street church, and under the consolidation plan both clergymen will act as pastors of the Metropolitan Temple and will conduct the services. The two churches will now apply to the Legislature for the enactment of a special statute providing for the guardianship of the funds of the two organizations.

The property of the Wesleyan Chapel is worth more than \$200,000, while the Bedford street church expects to get an award of \$150,000 from the city for taking its property for the Seventh avenue extension. The value of the Bedford street parsonage is \$12,000.

The petition stated that the Bedford street church also provided for the expense of moving a number of bodies buried in vaults sunk underneath the church.

TAFT PRAISES T. R. FOR PANAMA CANAL

Mark Hanna and John C. Spooner Shared Credit, He Tells Ohio Society.

NATION MUST DEFEND IT

Urges Preferential Tolls and Asserts That No Treaty Forbids Them.

Ex-President Taft, speaking at the twenty-eighth annual banquet of the Ohio Society in the Waldorf-Astoria last night, said that the preliminary work of three men, Mark Hanna, John C. Spooner and Theodore Roosevelt, made the Panama Canal possible. Mr. Taft spoke fairly, almost cordially, of Col. Roosevelt, and no incident of the dinner was more pleasing to the transplanted Buckeyes.

The Ohioans have a way of telling the rest of the country that the United States would have been a failure if Ohio had not been divinely appointed to take charge of the country's prosperity.

Last night they celebrated the coming opening of the Panama Canal and let it be known modestly that there would have been no opening had it not been for Ohio. At any rate, the occasion gave the ex-President an opportunity to relate some recent inside canal history and to come out fairly for fortifications and for preferential tolls for American ships. He told also the story of how Col. Goethals's appointment came about.

400 Big Buckeyes There.

More than 400 men who do big things in New York only (as they say) because they had the good luck to be born in Ohio attended the banquet.

Those at the President's table were: W. W. Mischler, George H. O'Connor, S. S. Garwood, president Ohio Society of Philadelphia; Walter L. McCorkle, president Southern Society of New York; E. A. Drake, president Kansas Railroad; Frank E. Farnsworth, president Michigan Society of New York; Colgate Host, ex-president Ohio Society of New York; the Right Rev. William A. Leonard, D. D., Bishop of Ohio and Chairman of the Ohio Society; Marcus M. Marks, President-elect Borough of Manhattan; Henry W. Taft, ex-president Ohio Society; J. Adam Walsh, ex-Congressman from Minnesota; William A. Fenderson, Controller of the City of New York; Jacob M. Dickinson, ex-Secretary of War; William H. Truesdale, president of the Ohio Society of New York; William Howard Taft, John Barrett, Director-General of the Pan-American Union; H. P. Davidson; William S. Hawk, ex-president of the Ohio Society; William M. Colder, M. C. from New York; Major General Nelson A. Miles; Gen. Henry H. Burnett, ex-president of the Ohio Society; Major-General Thomas H. Barry, U. S. A.; Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York; Capt. Albert Shaw, Frederick D. Underwood, Howard Chandler Christy, A. L. Erlanger, R. C. Penfield and Thomas A. Emery.

Among those at the small tables were Horace E. Andrews, William C. Brown, Sir Guy de Maistre, John H. Hamann, James Speyer, Cass Gilbert, Finley J. Shepard, Charles Dana Gibson, John J. Archbold, Paul D. Cravath, George W. Perkins, Gen. Andrew G. McCook, Charles D. Hilles, William D. Baldwin, William Nelson Cromwell, Louis Stern, Lowell M. Palmer, Ralph Peters, E. H. Outerbridge, J. G. Schmitt, Charles H. Russell, J. E. Hedges, Dr. Albert Shaw, Frederick D. Underwood, Howard Chandler Christy, A. L. Erlanger, R. C. Penfield and Thomas A. Emery.

Send Cable to Goethals. After a cablegram of congratulation had been sent to Col. George Washington Goethals, Trustmaster of the Panama Canal, ex-President Taft introduced ex-President Taft.

"I'm not quite sure," said Mr. Taft, "that it isn't a good arrangement to give things and the past Administration make speeches."

Mr. Taft thought that a history of the Panama Canal should be written by some one who knew the facts and the shades of circumstances, because the exact truth is likely to be forgotten. Then he mentioned the late Senator Hanna, ex-Senator Spooner and ex-President Roosevelt as the men who made the canal possible.

"I am not going into the circumstances of how the title was acquired or of our right to take over the Canal Zone," he continued. "But I very much doubt whether the canal would have been built—certainly not so promptly—unless what happened had happened. God moves in mysterious ways. His wonders to perform. We were refused the Hay-Herran treaty, which would have given Colombia the right to police the zone, but we got the

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Hay-Verrilla treaty, which made it possible for us to see to it that the Canal Zone was made healthful and the canal possible.

Mr. Taft discussed from personal knowledge the difficulties of planning the canal and getting the work started. He said that the work of William Nelson Cromwell has never been recognized adequately. He praised Mr. Cromwell for helping to establish a modus vivendi and for rounding up 1,200 shares of outstanding Panama Railroad stock, which were troubling the Government and which were of "enormous nuisance value." He spoke of the halting progress of the work previous to the time the army took hold.

"We found that we would have to rely upon the ability and fidelity of the army," said Mr. Taft. "One day the President said to me, 'Well, we've got to do it. Have you got a man who can do the trick?' I said, 'Yes, I think I have. His name is Goethals. He is the son of a Dutchman and that stock ought to be able to build a canal.'"

"Originally," said Mr. Taft, "I was in favor of a sea level route, and I think I can say that President Roosevelt was, but the arguments of the American engineers satisfied us that it would have been too long and so expensive that the patience of the American people would have been worn out."

As a man of peace, Mr. Taft is in favor of fortifying the canal.

"I am no more in favor of not taking necessary precautions as regards the canal," he said, "than I am in favor of leaving my door open because I do not approve of burglars. As long as we have to have a navy, and I guess that will be for some time, why extend to those who want to fight us the same opportunities that we now have for getting from coast to coast?"

"We should say to the world, 'You can use the canal when we are not engaged in defending ourselves.' Fortifications don't mean war. They are often a preventive of war. I am a member of many peace societies, but the enthusiasm with many causes is that enthusiasm sometimes causes the pendulum to swing past the common sense medium."

Mr. Taft was emphatically in favor of preferential tolls for American ships, and he questioned the wisdom of the treaty which forbids us to favor our own merchant marine.

"I am sorry," he said, "to differ with my friends Root and Choate as to what that treaty means. But I object to being put in the attitude of wishing to break my contracts or my country's contracts. I am willing to submit the whole question to arbitration, to stand by the decision of the tribunal."

THE AMERICA FAILS TO DOCK.

Sudden Change in Plans Keeps Many on Liner All Night.

Five hundred and ninety-six cabin passengers on board the Hamburg-American liner America failed to reach Manhattan last night notwithstanding the successful effort of Capt. Schulte to force his steamer into Quarantine in time to land his passengers in Hoboken. There were 244 third class and 1,356 steerage passengers on the vessel as well.

At the Hamburg-American Line offices it was announced early in the day that the America would be at her pier at 7:30. The line sent down its tug No. 3 to take a health officer out of the Pretoria, another ship of the same line, and carry him to the America.

Shortly thereafter a full complement of customs officials for the America steamed by tug No. 2 and was informed that the line had sent word to Capt. Schulte advising him not to dock. At this time the America came up to the Narrows.

Passengers on the pier were dismissed with the information that the America would dock this morning at 8 o'clock. The night was clear. No reason was given for the sudden change of plans.

Among the passengers detained were Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Ogden Gould, William Gouldard, the Marquis d'Andigne, Senior, a member of the Cuban Legion, Eugene Sherry, Henry W. Zimmermann and Mrs. William Ellis Corey.

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1 lb., .80, .60 and .50	
2 lbs., \$1.60, \$1.20 and \$1.00	
3 lbs., \$2.40, \$1.80	
5 lbs., \$3.75, \$3.00	

Packed All Chocolates or Chocolates and Bonbons, Assorted.

Our fine boxes of Chocolates and Bonbons are unequalled in style, and make handsome and most acceptable Christmas Gifts. Baskets, Fancy Boxes and many others of this season's novelties in stock. DON'T WAIT UNTIL THE DAY BEFORE XMAS—make your purchases earlier in the week, while our store is not overcrowded.

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Broken Candy.....15c	Chocolate Mint Creams.....30c
Assorted Caramels.....25c	Chocolate Dainties.....30c
Chocolate Maple Walnuts.....30c	Chocolate Molasses Chips.....30c
Chocolate Marshmallows.....30c	Chocolate Coffee Pecans.....30c
Chocolates and Bonbons.....30c	Chocolates, assorted.....30c
Chocolate Plantation.....30c	Chocolate, old fashioned.....30c
Chocolate Covered Caramels.....30c	Chocolate Nougats.....30c
Chocolate Cream Italian.....30c	Chocolate Angelique.....30c

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There isn't a bigger, broader or better appointed movie house than the big lecture room of the Museum of Natural History, and certainly it would be hard to find a closer packed or more enthusiastic audience than one encountered there last night when Raymond Lee Dittmars, curator of reptiles at the New York Zoological Park, gave (again to go into merited superlatives) the most enthusiastically received movie show that New York perhaps has seen.

Curator Dittmars in his movie-science studio at Seaside has set about to make enlarged pictures, through the help of elaborate enlarging screens, of every living thing he can corral that walks, swims or flies. And last night for the first time he began with moving pictures of such lowly things as the eggs of a frog, showed the tadpole in the first blush of youth, showed the legs sprouting and the tail falling off, and finally the finished article, the frog of commerce, raising out with blinking eyes and a look of wisdom, upon a happy audience.

When you realize that these pictures of even the tadpole show the tadpole swimming about at a size—on the screen—that compares favorably with the width and breadth of Mr. Dittmars himself, you can vaguely realize the wonder of the pictures. And there were movies of a mole, which on the screen was the size of a bear, burrowing; of a king snake, catching and swallowing a rat from four to five times wider than the widest part of the snake; a fight between a very small hedgehog and a very large venomous spider, and so on.

There wasn't a film that didn't bring forth enthusiastic applause. Men and women crowded about Mr. Dittmars after the movies had come to an end to plead with him to give the pictures before school and college audiences. He replied, however, that in the meantime he wishes to rather the most complete "moving library" of animals things up at his Seaside studio. It is possible to attain. When that work is completed his movies of fish, flesh and fowl from the embryo up will be shown for educational purposes. But he said, while making the pictures of snakes and mammals and insects and things he has been so busy that he hasn't had time to perfect details concerning the showing of the movies later.

Artistic Fashionings for Christmas Gifts

In addition to its famous Reproductions of the Furniture of Olden Times, there is a multitude of artistic fashionings suitable for Christmas gifts, which bear the unmistakable cachet of the Hampton Shops.

There are articles of Sheffield Plated Ware, for instance, struck in copper from the original 18th Century dies, heavily plated with Silver and carefully selected for their decorative qualities.

There are Faraday Lamps in German Silver and Tray Sets in the Finest of Porcelain, as well as Table and Desk Lamps of unusual character, fitted for electric lighting.

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